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# Genesys Engage cloud Reporting Guide

Populating Agent Activity Data

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# Populating Agent Activity Data

Genesys Agent activity data for both active and completed agent states is stored in summary tables for resource sessions, states, and reasons relative to a given media type, for all media types. The summarized data, which is drawn from ICON, is stored in the following tables:

- SM\_RES\_SESSION\_FACT
- SM\_RES\_STATE\_FACT
- SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT

## Features of agent activity data

The following are important features of agent activity data in Genesys Info Mart:

- **Do-Not-Disturb** — For multimedia interactions, Do-Not-Disturb (DND) status for each place and media type is factored into the SM\_RES\_STATE\_FACT and SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT tables.  
  
DND is treated as a NOT\_READY state, with the predefined software reason key DND\_0n and no reason value. The termination of the DND state is treated as a READY state. For more information, see [Including Do-Not-Disturb data in summary tables](#).  
  
**Limitation:** DND will be reported only if it occurs within an agent's session relative to a given media type. DND that is set in a Multimedia login session prior to the addition of any media will not be reported.
- **Agent state hierarchy** — Agent states are organized in a hierarchy, so that a higher-priority state takes precedence if multiple states happen simultaneously. The default priority list (in descending order) is ACW, NOT\_READY, BUSY, READY.  
  
However, be aware that, for parallel states, the state that is reported in the SM\_RES\_STATE\_FACT, SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT, and SM\_MEDIA\_NEUTRAL\_STATE\_FACT tables also depends on whether ICON has been set to interrupt After Call Work (ACW) and NotReady states when an agent places or receives another interaction (see [Obtaining uninterrupted voice AfterCallWork and NotReady data](#)).
- **Uninterrupted voice ACW and NotReady data** — Genesys Info Mart represents voice ACW and NOT\_READY states and reasons that are sourced from ICON, and these states are not interrupted by incoming or outgoing calls that an agent makes while in these states. For more information, see [Obtaining uninterrupted voice AfterCallWork and NotReady data](#).

## How are summarized resource sessions, states, and reasons populated?

The [SM\\_RES\\_SESSION\\_FACT](#), [SM\\_RES\\_STATE\\_FACT](#), and [SM\\_RES\\_STATE\\_REASON\\_FACT](#) tables incorporate all data during the period in which an agent is logged on to a particular media type, regardless of the number of DNs or queues to which the agent logs on. By default, agent activity for all media types is included in the tables.

The media-specific summarized tables are populated based on the start and end time taken from

corresponding IDB fields of the date format, in order to achieve precision in scenarios with very short agent states.

- For voice, the start and end times are taken in milliseconds, and this precision is used in internal calculations for summary voice agent states, reasons, and sessions. This ensures, for example, the proper alignment of multiple agent states that occur within the same second. The time values that result from calculations, including durations, are converted to a second format when stored in the Info Mart database.
- For multimedia, the start and end times are taken in seconds, which is the precision currently available from the data source. Although agent states, reasons, and sessions for agents handling multimedia interactions are calculated in milliseconds, the initial input has a one-second precision. The time values that result from calculations, including durations, are stored in the Info Mart database in seconds.

### The SM\_RES\_SESSION\_FACT table

This table provides a summary of resource sessions by agent and media type. Genesys Info Mart always populates this table.

Each row of this table summarizes the login session(s) of all DNs and places that are associated with an agent relative to a given media type. The grain of the fact is an accumulating snapshot that represents the duration of the summary session.

A summary session represents the contiguous duration that an agent resource is logged on for a given media type, irrespective of the number of DNs and/or queues to which the agent resource logs on.

- For voice, a summary session starts when an agent resource first logs on to any voice DN-queue combination. The session continues, irrespective of how many other voice DNs and/or queues the agent logs on to. The session ends when the agent resource logs off all voice DNs and queues.
- For multimedia, a session is first created when the agent resource adds a media type to their login session or logs onto a DN that supports this media. The login session continues until the agent resource removes the media type from the last login session that includes this media type, or logs out of the last DN that includes this media type.

Start and end dates and times are stored as facts in UTC time. Start and end date and times are also stored as a dimension reference for DATE\_TIME. Both active and completed sessions are populated.

#### Important

In some multimedia scenarios, an agent can process interactions for a particular media type without logging into the media (that is, without adding the media type to a place). In this scenario, Genesys Reporting does not see agent states related to the processing of interactions for the media type that is not added to the agent's place. Therefore, to ensure correct reporting, Genesys recommends that agents take care to add a media to a place before handling interactions of this media type.

## The SM\_RES\_STATE\_FACT table

Each row of this table describes a summarized agent resource state relative to a given media type. The grain of the fact is an accumulating snapshot that represents the duration of the summarized state. Genesys Info Mart always populates this table.

A summary state represents the contiguous duration that an agent resource is logged on with a particular state for a given media type, irrespective of the number of DNs, places, and/or queues to which the agent resource logs on. The summary state is chosen from among the concurrent states of all DNs to which the agent is logged on, based on the configured state priority list. For multimedia, there are no DNs, so that the summarized state represents the state of the agent relative to the media type.

This table is sourced from IDB. The following states are recorded:

- Unknown (the agent is logged on, but the agent state is unknown)
- Busy
- Ready
- NotReady
- AfterCallWork (voice media only)

The start and end dates and times are stored as facts in UTC time. The start date and time are also stored as dimension references for the DATE\_TIME dimension.

NotReady or AfterCallWork (voice media only) states can be interrupted by interactions that the agent initiates or receives while in these states.

Do-Not-Disturb is factored into resource states in this table for multimedia interactions (see [Including Do-Not-Disturb data in summary tables](#)).

## The SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT table

Each row of this table describes a summarized agent resource state reason and workmode relative to a given media type. The grain of the fact is an accumulating snapshot that represents the duration of the summarized state reason. Genesys Info Mart always populates this table.

A summary state reason represents the contiguous duration for which an agent resource is in some state with a particular state reason for a given media type, irrespective of the number of DNs and/or queues to which the agent resource logs on. A reason code state that is written into this table should have a highest priority among all concurrent agent states. This means the same state (without reason) will occur in the SM\_RES\_STATE\_FACT table.

The SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT table is sourced from IDB. Reasons are recorded for the following states:

- Ready
- NotReady
- AfterCallWork (voice media only)

The start and end dates and times are stored as facts in UTC time. The start date and time are also stored as dimension references for the DATE\_TIME dimension.

Genesys Info Mart does not provide a default reason for the NotReady state. The NotReady or AfterCallWork (voice media only) states can be interrupted by interactions that the agent initiates or receives while in these states.

For multimedia interactions, Do-Not-Disturb is factored into summary state reasons with the predefined reason code key DND On and no reason value (see [Including Do-Not-Disturb data in summary tables](#)). All reasons that are associated with the current highest priority state of the agent are recorded.

When multiple reason codes occur simultaneously for one agent, Genesys Info Mart chooses one of them to record in the SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT table based on the following considerations:

- A software reason code takes priority over hardware.
- If the keys are different, the higher-value string takes priority.
- If the keys are the same, the key with the higher string value (not the higher numeric value) takes priority (using case-insensitive alphabetical comparison).
- The DND on reason takes the lowest priority with respect to other reason keys.
- Among two identical software reason codes with identical keys the priority is given to the state with the larger case-insensitive alphabetical reason code value.

### Important

Reason code values are ranked alphabetically because ICON provides no data-type information to Genesys Info Mart that would identify whether the values are alphabetic, numerical, or mixed. As a result, some codes that occur in parallel may be ranked counterintuitively (5 > 45, for example)

When a reason-code state has a lower priority than some other concurrent agent state without a reason, this reason code state is not recorded in the SM\_RES\_STATE\_REASON\_FACT table.

## How is summarized data processed?

Genesys Info Mart combines information from ICON for the same agent and media type from the ICON GX\_SESSION\_ENDPOINT table to form summarized media type sessions.

For both voice and multimedia, Genesys Info Mart combines information for the same agent and

media type from the GX\_SESSION\_ENDPOINT, G\_LOGIN\_SESSION, G\_AGENT\_STATE\_HISTORY, G\_AGENT\_STATE\_RC, G\_AGENT\_STATE\_RC\_A, and G\_DND\_HISTORY tables in IDB to form summarized states and reasons, which have Do-Not-Disturb status factored into them.

In addition, for voice, a state priority list is used to determine which DN's state is considered to be the winning state if the agent is logged on to more than one voice DN at a time.

### Special considerations for long-duration sessions or states

Given usual contact-center organization and policies, Genesys reporting does not expect agent login sessions or states to be very long-lasting. However, in practice, agent sessions and states might last indefinitely — for example, if agents never log out.

From the point of view of Genesys Info Mart operations, long-lasting agent sessions and states negatively affect transformation performance. From the point of view of data quality, very long-lasting agent sessions or states can yield misleading reporting results — for example, if shift reporting (perhaps used for agent compensation) is based on unrealistic agent-activity data.

For these reasons, Genesys Info Mart provides functionality to apply timeouts to agent login sessions and states that exceed configurable maximum durations. By default, Genesys Info Mart allows a maximum duration of 24 hours for login sessions and 4 hours for each instance of an agent state within a login session.

#### Detecting session inactivity

The timeout implementation enables Genesys Info Mart to detect when a session has gone inactive.

Genesys Info Mart will end the session when all states have ended, even if the end of the session has not been extracted and the session has not yet timed out. For example, if a state is timed out by **max-state-duration** and there are no other active states, then Genesys Info Mart deems the session to be inactive and terminates it.

Recognition of sessions that have gone inactive can provide more useful reporting on situations in which agents forget to log out. The smaller the value of **max-state-duration**, the sooner Genesys Info Mart will detect the session inactivity.

#### Handling resumed session activity

If a state transition occurs in a session that Genesys Info Mart previously timed out or ended because of inactivity, Genesys Info Mart creates a new session beginning with the new state. The new session continues until the first of the following occurs:

- All states in the new session have ended or have timed out.
- The new session times out after **max-session-duration-in-hours**.

#### Important

After a state has been timed out by **max-state-duration**, if there is a new resource

state reason for that state, the reason will not be associated with any state or session:

- `SM_RES_STATE_REASON_FACT.SM_RES_SESSION_FACT_KEY = -1`
- `SM_RES_STATE_REASON_FACT.SM_RES_STATE_FACT_KEY = -1`

### Special case with no contact center activity

In the rare event that there is no call or interaction activity in the contact center, agent states are updated only after some delay.

## Obtaining uninterrupted voice AfterCallWork and NotReady data

Regardless of the configured priority list for parallel agent states in Genesys Info Mart, if an agent goes into the ACW or NOT\_READY state and then makes some calls on the same switch during ACW or NOT\_READY, ICON considers such calls to be a part of the ACW or NOT\_READY state.

This means that the BUSY state is not recorded when it happens during uninterrupted ACW and NOT\_READY states.

## Including Do-Not-Disturb data in summary tables

Do-Not-Disturb data is factored into states and reasons in the summarized `SM_RES_STATE_FACT` and `SM_RES_STATE_REASON_FACT` tables for eServices/Multimedia.

For eServices/Multimedia, Do-Not-Disturb is treated as a global NotReady for all media types to which an agent is logged on at a given place.

DND states are treated as NotReady with a reason that indicates DND on. The following table describes how DND state is calculated for the default state priority list (AfterCallWork, NOT\_READY, BUSY, READY, UNKNOWN).

Calculating DND Status

Conditions	Resulting DND Status
DND is turned <i>on</i> and the declared state is currently Ready.	The resource is considered to be in a NotReady state with a reason that indicates DND On.
DND is turned <i>off</i> and the declared state was previously Ready.	The resource returns to Ready with whatever reasons were originally attached to the Ready request.
DND is turned <i>on</i> and the declared state is currently AfterCallWork.	The resource stays in the AfterCallWork state.

Conditions	Resulting DND Status
	<p>If AfterCallWork ends before DND is turned back off, the resource becomes NotReady, and the reason is DND On.</p> <p>If DND is turned on and off during AfterCallWork, the resource state is never shown as NotReady.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> AfterCallWork applies only to non-multimedia media types.</p>
The resource is in NotReady state and DND is turned <i>on</i> or <i>off</i> .	Any NotReady reasons that are currently in effect are not interrupted. If an existing NotReady state had no reasons, a new NotReady reason state with the key DND On is added.
The resource is in Busy state and DND is turned <i>on</i> .	The resource immediately enters the NotReady state with DND On as the reason, and the Busy state is closed.